# CURRICULUM FOR BS CARDIAC PERFUSION TECHNOLOGY

# **SCHEME OFSTUDIES**

Semester/Year	Name of Subject	COURSE CODE	Credits
First	MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY-I	PMS-601	4(3+1)
	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-I	PMS-602	4(3+1)
	HUMANANATOMY-I	PMS-603	4(3+1)
	ENGLISH-I	PMS-604	2(2+0)
	PAK STUDIES	PMS-605	2(2+0)
	COMPUTER SKILLS	PMS-606	2(2+0)
			18
Second	MEDICAL MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY-II	PMS-607	4(3+1)
	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-II	PMS-608	4(3+1)
	HUMANANATOMY-II	PMS-609	4(3+1)
	ENGLISH-II	PMS-610	2(2+0)
	ISLAMIC STUDIES	PMS-611	2(2+0)
			16
Third	HEMATOLOGY-I	MLT-601	3(2+1)
	MEDICALMICROBIOLOGY-I	PMS-613	3(2+1)
	CARDIOPULMONARY ANATOMY	CAR- <b>601</b>	3(2+1)
	GENRALPHARMACOLOGY-I	PMS-614	3(2+1)
	COMMUNICATIONSKILLS	PMS-615	2(2+0)
	GENRALPATHOLOGY-I	PMS-612	3(2+1)
			17
Fourth	PATHOLOGY-II	PMS-617	3(2+1)
	MEDICALMICROBIOLOGY-II	PMS-618	2(2+0)
	ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY-I	CAR-602	3(2+1)
	CARDIOPULMONARY PHYSIOLOGY	CAR-603	3(2+1)
	HEMATOLOGY-II	MLT-604	2(1+1)
	PHARMACOLOGY-II	PMS-616	3(2+1)

	BEHAVIOURALSCIENCES	PMS-619	2(2+0)
			18
Fifth	CLINICALMEDICINE	CP-601	3(2+1
	PERFUSIONTECHNOLOGY-I	CP-602	3(2+1
	ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY	CP-603	3(2+1
	ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY-II	CAR-607	3(2+1
	VENTRICULARASSISTANT DEVICES	CP-604	3(2+1
	MEDICALPHYSICS	CAR-609	3(2+1
			18
Sixth	ECMO	CP-605	3(2+1
	PHARMACOLOGYRELATEDTO PERFUSION	CP-606	3(2+1
	CARDIACSURGERY	CAR-618	3(2+1
	DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENTS IN CARDIOLOGY	CAR-611	3(2+1
	CRITICALCARE	CAR-616	3(2+1
	PULMONARYDISEASES	CAR-613	3(2+1
			18
Seventh	PERFUSIONTECHNOLOGY-II	CP-607	3(2+1
	HEARTDISEASES	CAR-615	3(2+1
	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	PMS-621	3(2+1
	FUNDAMENTALOFINFECTION CONTROL	PMS-624	3(2+1
	EPIDEMIOLOGY	PMS-623	2(2)
	BIOSTATISTICS	PMS-622	3(2+1)
			17
Eight	RESEARCH PROJECT	PMS-626	6(6)
	SEMINAR	PMS-627	1(1)
	SUBJECTOF OWN INTEREST	CP-609	4(2+2)

BIOETHICS	PMS-625	2(2+0)
TOTAL-124-136		13
		105
TOTALCREDITHOURS		135

# MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY-ICreditHours:4(3+1)

# Course objectives:

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Describe the chemical composition, biochemical role, digestion and absorption of macro and micro molecules of the cell.
- Discuss different biochemical reactions in cell.
- Explain mechanism of action of hormones.

# **Course Detail:**

Biochemical composition and functions of the cell membrane; Chemistry of signals and receptors; Structure and function of Carbohydrates, Proteins and lipids; biochemical functions of vitamins; biochemical function of Sodium, potassium, chloride, calcium, phosphorus, magnesium, sulfur, iodine and fluoride; Composition and function of saliva, gastric juice, gastricacid (HCL), pancreatic juice, bile and intestinal secretion; Digestion and absorption of proteins, carbohydrates, lipids, vitamins and minerals; Body buffers and their mechanism of action; Acid base regulation in human body; Biochemical mechanisms for control of water and electrolyte balance; Mechanism of action of hormones.

#### **Practical:**

- Good laboratory Practices
- Preparation of Solutions
- Principles of Medical Biochemistry analyzers (sphectrophometer, flamephotometer)
- Determination of Cholesterol, Tg, HDL, LDL, sugar, calcium and phosphorus in blood
- Introduction to electrophoresis, PCR, gel documentation
- How to operate centrifuge, water bath and microscope

#### **Recommended Books:**

- Harper"sMedical Biochemistry Robert K.Murray, DarylK.Granner 28thedition 2009
- MedicalMedical Biochemistry Mushtaq Ahmad vol.I and II8thedition 2013

#### **PMS-601**

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Describe the basic concepts of physiology beginning from the cell organization to organ system function.
- Discuss the organization of cell, tissue, organ and system with respect to their functions.
- Explain the physiology of Respiration, G.I.T, Urinary system and Endocrine system

# **Course Detail:**

Functionalorganizationofhumanbody,MechanismofHomeostasis,Cellstructureanditsfunction, functionofdifferentTissue,Functionsoftheskin,,Typesandfunctionofmuscle,Neuromuscular junction,functionsoftheendocrineglands,BreathingMechanism,ExchangeofrespiratoryGaseous, Transportofrespiratorygases,FunctionofdifferentpartofDigestivesystem,Functionofliverand pancreas,DigestionandAbsorptioninGastrointestinaltract,Patho-PhysiologyofGastrointestinal Disorders,FormationofUrinebytheKidney,Glomerularfiltration,Renalandassociatedmechanism forcontrollingECF,RegulationofAcid-BaseBalance,MaleReproductiveSystem(Male),Prostate gland, Spermatogenesis, Female Reproductive System, Menstrual Cycle and Pregnancy and parturition, Mammary Glands and Lactation and Fertility Control

# **Practicals:**

- 1. Introduction to microscope
- 2. Bleeding time
- 3. Clottingtime
- 4. WBCs count
- 5. RBCs count
- 6. Platelets count
- 7. Reticulocytes count

- Essentials of Medical PhysiologyKSembulingam,PremaSembulingam Sixth Edition 2013
- Concise Physiology Dr. Raja Shahzad 1st Edition 2012
- Guyton And Hall Textbook Of Medical Physiology John E. Hall, Arthur C. Guyton Professor
- and Chair 2006
- Ross and Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health And Illness 11th Edition Anne Waugh,
- Allison Grant 2010

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Identify the principle structures of tissues, organs and systems.
- Discuss the different concepts and terms of general anatomy including skeleton and Musculo skeletal system.
- Explain the anatomy of Thorax, Abdomen and pelvis.

# **Course contents:**

General Anatomy; Descriptive Anatomic terms, Basic structures, Musculo skeletal system (Axial and Appendicular), Different bones of the human body and their surface markings, General concepts, parts, classifications of bones, Structural, Regional and functional classification of joints, Characteristics, Classifications, Movements of synovial joints. Muscular System (skeletal, Cardiac, smooth) Thoracic wall: Structure of the anterior thoracic wall, Muscles of thorax, Diaphragm Thoracic cavity: Mediastinum, Trachea, lungs, pleura, bronchi, blood supply and lymphatics, Heart and thoracic vessels Abdominal wall: Skin, nerve and blood supply, Muscles of anterior abdominal wall, Inguinal canal Abdominal cavity: General Arrangement of the Abdominal Visceras, Peritoneum, Omenta, mesenteries, GIT and its blood supply, Accessory Organs (Liver, Spleen, Gall bladder, Pancreas), Genitourinary System (Kidneys, Utreters) The pelvic wall: Anterior, posterior wall, diaphragm. Pelvic cavity: Uterus, Ovaries, Fallopian tubes, urinary bladder, Male genital organs, Female genital organs, Muscles of pelvic region, blood supply, nerve supply.

# **Practicals:**

- 1. Study Axial, Appendicular skeleton and musculoskeletal system on human skeletal models.
- 2. Study and identification of the anatomy of Thorax, Abdomen and Pelvis through:
- 3. Human Models 4. Video demonstrations

- Clinical Anatomy (By regions) 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Richard S. Snell
- Netter Atlas of human anatomy 5<sup>th</sup> Edition Saunders.
- Gray's Anatomy for students 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Drake VogalMitcell.

# PMS-604 ENGLISH –I Credit Hours: 2+0

#### **Course Objective:**

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Compose a well-constructed essay that develops a clearly defined claim of interpretation which is supported by close textual reading.
- Utilize literary terminology, critical methods, and various lenses of interpretation in their writing.
- Apply the rules of English grammar.
- Adhere to the formatting and documenting conventions of our discipline

#### **Course Contents:**

VocabularyBuildingSkills:Antonyms,Synonyms,Homonyms,OnewordSubstitute,Prefixes andsuffixes,Idiomsandphrasalverbs,Logicalconnectors,Checkspellings,PracticalGrammar &WritingSkill:PartsofSpeech,Tenses,Paragraphwriting:Practiceinwritingagood,unified andcoherentparagraph,Préciswritingandcomprehension,Translationskills:UrdutoEnglish, Readingskills:Skimmingandscanning,intensiveandextensive,andspeedreading,summary andcomprehensionParagraphs,Presentationskills:Developing,OralPresentationskill, Personalitydevelopment (emphasis oncontent, style and pronunciation)

- Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises 2. Third edition. Oxford University Press 1986. ISBN 0 19431350 6.
- Reading. Advanced. Brian Tomlinson and Rod Ellis. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1991. ISBN 019 4534030.

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Develop vision of Historical Perspective, Government, Politics, Contemporary Pakistan, ideological background of Pakistan.
- Study the process of governance, national development, issues arising in the modern age and posing challenges to Pakistan.
- Inculcate patriotism in the hearts of students so that they may become a good citizen..

# **Course Contents:**

HistoricalPerspective:IdeologicalrationalewithspecialreferencetoSirSyedAhmedKhan, AllamaMuhammadIqbalandQuaid-i-AzamMuhammadAliJinnah,FactorsleadingtoMuslim separatism,PeopleandLand,IndusCivilization,Muslimadvent,LocationandGeo-Physical features.GovernmentandPoliticsinPakistan,Politicalandconstitutionalphases:1947-58,1958-71,1971-77,1977-88,1988-99,1999onwardContemporaryPakistan:Economicinstitutionsand issues,Societyandsocialstructure,Ethnicity,ForeignpolicyofPakistanandchallenges, Futuristic outlook of Pakistan

- Akbar, S. Zaidi. *Issue inPakistan's Economy*. Karachi: OxfordUniversity Press, 2000.
- Mehmood, Safdar. Pakistan Kayyun Toota, Lahore: Idara-e-Saqafat-e-Islamia, Club Road, nd.
- Amin, Tahir.*Ethno- National Movement in Pakistan*, Islamabad: Institute of Policy Studies, Islamabad.
- Afzal, M. Rafique. *Political Parties in Pakistan*, Vol. I, II& III. Islamabad: National Institute of Historical and cultural Research, 1998.

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Use technology ethically, safely, securely, and legally.
- Identify and analyze computer hardware, software, and network components.
- Design basic business web pages using current HTML/CSS coding standards.
- Install, configure, and remove software and hardware.

#### **Course Contents:**

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER: I/O devices –memories, Networking – LAN,WAN,MAN (only basic ideas), TYPING TEXT IN MS WORD: Manipulating text, Formatting text - using different font sizes, bold, italics, Bullets and numbering, Pictures, file insertion, Aligning the text and justify, Choosing paper size - Adjusting margins, Header and footer, inserting page No s in a document, Printing a file with options, Using spell check and grammar, CREATING TABLE IN MS EXCEL: Cell editing-Using formulas and functions, Manipulating data with excel, PREPARING NEW SLIDES USING MS- POWER POINT: Inserting slides – Slide transition and animation, Using templates, Different text and font sizes –Slides with sounds – Inserting clips arts, pictures, tables and graphs- Presenting using wizards, INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET Using search engine – Google search – Exploring the next using Internet Explorer and Navigator and Download of files and images – E-mail ID creation, Sending messages- Attaching files.

# **Practicals:**

- Typing a text and aligning the text with different format using MS -Word
- Inserting a table with proper alignment and using MS-Word
- Create mail merge document using MS-Word to prepare greetings for 10 friends
- Preparing a Slide show with transition, animation and sound effect using MS-Power point
- Creating a worksheet using MS-Excel with data and use of functions
- Using MS-Excel prepare a worksheet with text, date time and data
- Preparing a chart and pie diagrams using MS-Excel
- Internet for searching, uploading files, downloading files and creating e-mail ID
- C language writing programs using functions

# **Recommended Books:**

• CAMBRIDGE IGCSE® COMPUTER SCIENCE STUDY AND REVISION GUIDE (pb)2016

• Computer science by Muhammad Ashraf, edition 1<sup>st</sup> 2010

# 2<sup>nd</sup>SemesterCourses

- 1. Medical Biochemistry-II
- 2. Human Physiology-II
- 3. HumanAnatomy-II
- 4. English-II
- 5. Islamic Studies

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Describe the synthesis of proteins, lipids, nucleic acids, carbohydrates and their role in metabolic pathways along with their regulation
- Discuss the clinical role of enzymes in human being.
- Interpret and apply nutritional concepts to evaluate and improve the nutritional health of individuals with medical conditions.

# **Course Contents:**

Balancefood, Majorfoodgroups, Nutritional status of Pakistanination, Metabolic changes in starvation, Proteinenergy malnutrition, Regulation of food intake, Obesity; metabolism of carbohydrates (Citric Acid Cycle, Glycolysis, Pentose Phosphate Pathway), proteins (urea and corie cycle), nucleotides (uricacid formation) and lipids (betaoxidation); Respiratory chain and oxidative pho sphorylation, components of respiratory chain, electron carriers, ATPs ynthesis coupled with electron fl ow, phosphorylation of ADP coupled to electron transfer; clinical diagnosticenzy mology: clinical significance of ALT, AST, ALP, LDH, CK, CKMB, Pancreatic lipase and amylase, choline steras e, G6PD, GGT.

# **Practicals:**

- Determination of liver, cardiac, pancreaticenzymes
- Determination of ureaand uric acid

- Harper<sup>s</sup> Medical Biochemistry Robert K.Murray, DarylK.Granner 28thedition2009
- MedicalMedical Biochemistry Mushtaq Ahmad vol.I and II8th edition 2013

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Demonstrate a systematic and coherent knowledge of the physiological functioning of the central nervous system, special senses (CNS & SS), cardiovascular system and respiratory system.
- Describe the formation of the formed element components of blood.
- Identify the components and function of the lymphatic system and discuss the role of the innate immune response against pathogens

# **Course Contents:**

PhysiologyofNervousSystem,Functionofvariouscranialnerves,Functionsof somaticmotornervoussystemFunctionsoftheautonomicnervous system, function ofneurons, neuroglialcellsandtheircomponents.Restingmembranepotentialandanactionpotential, functionofasynapseandreflexarc, functions of the specialized sense organs: Eye, physiology ofsite,accommodation,opticnerveandopticchiasma,Ear,functionsoftheinternal,middle and external ear Physiology of the hearing and balance, Smell, physiology of olfactory nerve. Taste, physiology of taste Location of the taste buds Physiology of speech, Blood: Composition andfunctionofBlood, haematopoisis, Bloodgrouping, Coagulationmechanism, Physiologyof CardiovascularsystemThePhysiologyofPulmonarySystemicCirculation:Arteries Veins Local Control of Blood Vessels Nervous Control of Blood VesselsRegulationofArterial Pressure, The function of Lymphatic System, tonsils, lymphnodes, the spleen and the thymus, ClassificationandphysiologyofImmunesystem, AntigensandAntibodies, Primaryand secondaryresponsestoanantigenAntibody-mediatedimmunityandcell-mediatedimmunity Role of lymphocyte in immunity regulation.

# **Practicals:**

- Spirometry
- Electrocardiography
- Blood Pressure Measurement
- Normal and abnormal ECG interpretation
- Pulse rate measurement
- Heart sounds

- $\bullet \quad Essentials of Medical Physiology KS embuling am, Prema Sembuling am Six th Edition 2013$
- $\bullet \qquad Guyton And Hall Textbook Of Medical Physiology John E. Hall, Arthur C. Guyton Professor and Chair 2006$
- RossandWilsonAnatomyandPhysiologyinHealthAndIllness11thEditionAnneWaugh,AllisonGrant20 10

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Identify bones of the upper limb and bony landmarks that articulate at each joint with all muscular compartments of the upper limb.
- Discuss bones of the lower limb and bony landmarks that articulate at each joint with all muscular compartments of the lower limb and identify these structures on radiographic images.
- Describe the topographical and functional anatomy of the head and neck, in particular the arrangement, relations and structure of the major skeletal, muscular and neurovascular components of the head and neck.

#### **Course contents:**

The upper limb Bones of shoulder girdle and Arm, Muscles, Axilla, Brachial plexus, Cubital fossa, the forearm, hand bones, Blood supply, Nerve supply, lymphatics The lower limb Fascia, Bones of the thigh, leg and foot, Muscles, Femoral triangle, Blood, Nerve, Lymphatic supply Head and neck Skull and facial bones, Cranial nerves, cranial cavity, Scalp, Meninges, Brain, Orbit, Muscles of the Neck, arterial and venous supply of the head and neck, The autonomic nervous system in the head and neck, Salivary Glands

#### **Practicals:**

Identification of the structures and the anatomy of Upper limb, Lower limb, Head and Neck through:

- 1. Human Models
- 2. Video demonstration
- 3. Study radiographs of upper limb, lower limb, and skull

- Clinical Anatomy (By regions) 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Richard S. Snell
- Ross and Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in health and illness 11<sup>th</sup> Edition Waugh Grant.
- Netter Atlas of human anatomy 5<sup>th</sup> Edition Saunders.
- Gray's Anatomy for students 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Drake VogalMitcell

#### PMS-610 ENGLISH-II CreditHours:2(2+0)

#### **Course Objectives:**

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Develop writing, reading and listening skills.
- Demonstrate integrative and independent thinking, originality, imagination, experimentation, problem solving, or risk taking in thought, expression, or intellectual engagement.
- Participate in discussions by listening to others' perspectives, asking productive questions, and articulating original ideas.

# **Course contents:**

Writing Skill: CV and job application, Technical Report writing, Writing styles, Changing narration: Converting a dialogue into a report, Converting a story into a news report, Converting a graph or picture into a short report or story, Active and Passive voice, Letter / memo writing and minutes of the meeting, use of library and internet recourses, Essay writing, Phrases - Types and functions, Clauses - Types and functions, Punctuation: Tenses - Types, Structure, Function, Conversion into negative and interrogative. Speaking Skill: Group Discussion (Various topics given by the teacher), Presentation by the students (individually), Role Play Activities for improving Speaking. Listening Skill: Listening Various Documentaries, Movies, and online listening activities to improve the listening as well as pronunciation of the words.

- Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises 1. Third edition. Oxford University Press. 1997. ISBN 0194313492.
- Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises 2. Third edition. Oxford University Press 1986. ISBN 0 19 431350 6.

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Recognize basic concept of Islam (faith, pillars and systems etc.) and express their impact on society.
- Present Islam as complete code of life and demonstrate understanding of Islamic Ethics.
- Demonstrate the role of a medical professional in Islam.

# **Course Contents:**

Fundamental beliefs of Islam, Belief of Tawheed, Belief in Prophethood, Belief in the Day of the the test of test ofPilgrimage, Jihad, Judgment, Worships, Salaat/Prayer, Zakat/ObligatoryCharity, Saum/Fasting, Hajj/ Importance of Paramedics In Islam, Ethics, Religion and Ethics, Higher Intents/ObjectivesofIslamicShariaandHumanHealth,ImportanceandVirtuesofMedical Profession, Contribution and Achievements of Muslim Doctors, Knowledge of the Rights, WisdomandPrudence,Sympathy/Empathy,ResponsibleLife,Patience,Humbleness,Self Respect, Forgiveness, Kindhearted, Beneficence, SelfConfidence, ObservingPromise, Equality, Relationamong the Doctors, Jealousy, Backbiting, Envy, Etiquettes of Gathering, Relation betweenaDoctorandaPatient,GentleSpeaking,MercyandAffection,ConsolingthePatient, To inquire the health of Patient, Character building of the Patient, Responsibilities of a Doctor

# **Recommended Books:**

• Islamiyat(Compulsory) for Khyber Medical University, Medical Colleges and Allied Institutes

# 3<sup>rd</sup>Semester

- 1. Hematology-I
- 2. Medical Microbiology–I
- 3. CardiopulmonaryAnatomy
- 4. Pharmacology-I
- 5. Communication Skills
- 6. General Pathology–I

# (2+1)Course Objectives:

- To introduce the students about the basic concepts in Hematology and acquire skill in practical work to produce students steeped in knowledge of Hematology.
- To equip students with latest advancements in the field of hematology.

# **Course Contents:**

Introduction to hematology, physiology of blood and composition, introduction to bone marrow, structure and function of bone marrow, blood formation in the body (Intra-uterine and extra-uterine), factors governing hematopoiesis, erythropoiesis, different stages and factor effecting on erythropoiesis, granulopoiesis, different stages and factor effecting on granulopoiesis, megakariopoiesis, different stages and factor effecting onmegakariopoiesis, introduction to hemoglobin structure, synthesis and function, complete blood count and its importance, morphology of red blood cells and white blood cells, introduction to anemia and classification of anemia, introduction to hemolysis (physiological and pathological), introduction to WBC disorders, introduction to leukemia, etiology, pathogenesis and its classification, leukocytosis, leukopenia, neutrophilia, condition related to neutrophilia, neutropenia, condition related to neutropenia, eosinophilia, condition related to eosinophilia, eosinopenia, condition related to eosinopenia, monocytosis, condition related to monocytosis, monocytopenia, condition related to monocytopenia, lymphocytosis, condition related to lymphocytosis, lymphopenia, condition related to lymphopenia, basophilia, conditionrelated to basophillia, introductionto hemostasis, mechanism of hemostasis, function of platelets and coagulation factors, coagulation cascade, quantitative disorder of platelets, qualitative disorder of platelets.

# **Practical:**

- CollectionofBloodSample
- Preparation and Stainingof Peripheral Blood Smear
- $\bullet \ \ Total Leucocyte Count; Red Blood Cell Count, determination of Absolute Values; differential Leucocyte Count; Platelet scount and Reticulo cyte scount$
- To determine the ESR
- DetermineBleedingTime;ProthrombinTime;Activatedpartialthromboplastintime

- Essential of Hematology, A. VHoff Brand, 6<sup>th</sup>edition 2006
- ClinicalHematology, G.C Degrunchi, 5<sup>th</sup>edition 2002
- PracticalHematology,Dacie J.V. 10<sup>th</sup>edition2012

#### **PMS-613**

# MEDICALMICROBIOLOGY-I

#### **Course objectives:**

- To introduce the students with basicconcepts inbacteriologyand mycology
- To introduce the students with common bacterial and fungal infections
- To introduce the students with diagnosis of common bacterial and fungal infections

#### **Course contents:**

Historical review and scope of microbiology, sterilization, disinfection and antisepsis, structure and function of prokaryotic cell, difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, bacterial growth and metabolism, bacterial classification, normal microbial flora of human body, mechanism of bacterial pathogenesis, host parasite interaction, Immune response to infection, common bacterial pathogen prevailing in Pakistan, introduction to fungi, fungal characteristic, morphology, structure, replication and classification, mechanism of fungal pathogenesis, common fungal pathogen prevailing in Pakistan.

#### **Practicals:**

- Introductionand demonstration of Laboratory Equipments usedin Microbiology.
- Inoculation and isolation of pure bacterial culture and its antibiotic susceptibility testing.
- Demonstration of different types of physical and chemical methods of sterilization, and disinfection.
- Students should be thorough to work with compound microscope.
- Detection of motility: Hanging dropexaminations with motile bacteria, non-motile bacteria.
- Simple staining methods of pure culture and mixed culture.
- Gram"s staining of pureculture and mixed culture.
- AFB staining of Normal smear, AFB positive smear.
- KOH preparation for fungal hyphae.
- Germ tube test for yeastidentification.
- Gram stain for candida.

- SherrisMedical Microbiology: An Introduction to Infectious Diseases. Ryan, K. J., Ray, C.G., 4th ed. McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- ClinicalMicrobiology Made Ridiculously Simple.Gladwin,M.,&Trattler, B.,3rd ed. MedMaster, 2004.
- MedicalMicrobiology and Infection ata Glance. Gillespie, S.,H., Bamford,K., B., 4th ed. Wiley-Blackwell, 2012.
- Medical Microbiology, Kayser, F., H., & Bienz, K., A., Thieme, 2005.
- ReviewofMedical Microbiology and Immunology.Levinson,W., 10thed.McGraw Hill Professional,2008.
- Jawetz, Melnick, &Adelberg'sMedical Microbiology. Brooks, G., Carroll, K., C., Butel, J., & Morse, S., 26thed.McGraw-Hill Medical, 2012.

- Toidentifythebones, structures and their relations with other structures
- Toexaminetherespiratoryandcardiovascularsystem
- Toanalyzetheeffectsofphysicalandpathologicaldiseasesonnormalanatomyofsystem s.
- Toexplainclinicalproceduresrelatedtocardiacandpulmonaryanatomy
- Tochoosequalitypatientcareinroutineaswellasadvancedcardiopulmonaryprocedures

#### **CourseContents:**

Structure of the thoracic wall, Suprapleural Membrane, Diaphragm, The Thoracic Cavity Basic Anatomy, Anterior Chest Wall, Linesof Orientation Mediastinum and its contents Relations of the contents of the Mediastinum, Pleurae, Anatomy of Laryn xandtrachea, Anatomy of lungs, The anatomy of Heart, Relations of heart to other Structure within the Thorax, The general Structure of arteries and veins, The embry on icperiod and fetal

development of the cardiovas cular and respiratory systems, Cardiovas cular and respiratory changes at birth

#### **Practical:**

- Identificationof different organs and their components
- RadiologicalPresentation&PathologicalFindingsonRadiographs
- IdentificationofcardiacvalveareasontheThoracicwall
- Identificationoflabeledstructures, their features and relations with other structures
- Identificationofgivenribswiththeirfeatures
- Identificationofnormalapexbeatanatomically
- Toidentifymajorcoronaryarteriesandtheirbranches

- ClinicalAnatomybySnell,in2000byChurchilllivingstone
- Gray'sanatomy2<sup>nd</sup>editionby WilliamswarwicDysone
- LastsAnatomy11<sup>th</sup>editionbyR.M.HMcminn

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Specify the abnormalities of cell growth and differentiation.
- Describe cellular responses to stress and noxious stimuli and inflammation.
- Discuss cell injury, cell death and mechanisms involved in wound healing.
- Explain the hemodynamic disorders and neoplasia.

# **Course Contents**

Cell Injury & adaptation Cell injury, Cellular adaptation

Inflammation Acute Inflammation, Chronic Inflammation

Cell Repair & Wound Healing Regeneration & Repair, Healing Factors affecting Healing

**Hemodynamic Disorders** Define & classify the terms, Edema, Hemorrhage, Thrombosis, Embolism, Infarction & Hyperemia, Shock, compensatory mechanism of shock, possible consequences of thrombosis & difference between arterial & venous emboli

**Neoplasia** Dysplasia& Neoplasia Difference between benign & malignant neoplasm, etiological factors for Neoplasia, different modes of metastasis

# Practicals

- Blood culture
- Urine & stool examination
- Gram staining
- Neoplasia: Characteristics of malignancy
- Estimation of Bleeding, clotting, prothrombin time

# **Recommended Books**

• Robbins and Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease, Professional Edition, 8th Edition

#### PMS-614

# PHARMACOLOGY-I

# CreditHours:3(2+1)

# **Course Objectives**

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Describe common terms related to pharmacology and drug therapy.
- Identify a range of drugs used in medicine and discuss their mechanisms of action.
- Report the clinical applications, side effects and toxicities of drugs used in medicine.

# **Course Contents:**

Introduction to Pharmacology, Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics ,Adverse effects of drugs, Classification of drugs, Drugs affecting the Autonomic Nervous System, NSAIDS, Opioids, Drugs Affecting Endocrine system (Corticosteroids, Thyroid and anti Thyroid Gastrointestinal Drugs (PPIs, Blockers and antacids), Antihistamines, Anesthetics (General and Local Anesthetics)

# **Practicals:**

- Routes of drug administration
- Introduction to drug dosage form
- Study of the action of drugs (Atropine) on the rabbit's eye

- Lippincott's pharmacology (text book) by Mycek 2nd edition published by Lippincott Raven
- Katzung textbook of pharmacology (Reference Book) by Bertram Katzung 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Published by Appleton.

#### PMS-615

# **Course Objectives**

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Communicate effectively both verbally and non-verbally
- Apply the requisite academic communication skills in their essay writing and other forms of academic writing
- Use various computer-mediated communication platforms in their academic and professional work
- Relate the interpersonal and organizational dynamics that affect effective communication in organizations.

# **Course Contents**

Introduction to Communication, Meaning and definition of Communication, The process of communication, Models of communication

Effective Communications in Business, Importance and Benefits of effective communication, Components of Communication, Communication barriers, Non verbal communication

Principles of effective communication, Seven Cs.

Communication for academic purposes, Introduction to academic writing, Summarizing, paraphrasing and argumentation skills, Textual cohesion

Communication in Organizations, Formal communication networks in organizations, Informal communication networks, Computer- mediated communication (videoconferencing, internet, e-mail, Skype, groupware, etc)

Business Writing, Memos, Letters, Reports, Proposals, Circulars, etc

Public Speaking and Presentation skills, Effective public presentation skills, Audience analysis, Effective argumentation skills, Interview skills

- Interpersonal CommunicationPaperback by Kory Floyd
- Reading into Writing 1: English for Academic Purposes: A Handbook-Workbook for College Freshman English (Mass Market Paperback) by Concepcion D. Dadufalza (Lecture Notes/Presentations)

# 4<sup>th</sup>Semester

- 1. Pathology-II
- 2. MedicalMicrobiology-II
- 3. Electrocardiography-I
- 4. Cardiopulmonary Physiology
- 5. Hematology-II
- 6. Pharmacology-II
- 7. Behavioralsciences

- To introduce students various pathologies of various systems
- To gain knowledge of pathological basis of various systemic diseases

# **Course Details:**

Pathologiesoffollowingthesystems:Cardiovascularsystem,Respiratorysystem,Urinarysystem, Blood and Nervous system

# **Practical:**

- 1. Helicobacter pylori test
- 2. Diagnosis methods of UTI
- 3. Determination of renal function tests
- 4. Determination of liver function tests
- 5. Determination of cardiac profile

# **Recommended Books:**

- RobbinsBasic Pathology KumarAbbasAster 9thEdition2013
- ReviewOf General Pathology Moh.Firdaus,9<sup>th</sup>Edition

ShortText Book of Pathology Moh. Inam Danish3rdEdition 2006

- To introduce the students with basicconcepts invirology and parasitology.
- To introduce the students with common viral and parasitic infections.
- To introduce the students with diagnosis of common viral and parasitic infections.

# **Course Contents:**

Biosafety levels, controlof hospital infection, biomedical waste management, introduction to virology, Viral morphology, structure, replication and classification, general properties of virus, pathogenesis and controlof virus, common viral pathogen prevailing in Pakistan, introduction to parasitology, Parasite (protozoan and helminthes) morphology and classification, generalprincipal of pathogenesis, immunology and diagnosis of parasitic infection, common parasitic pathogen prevailing in Pakistan.

#### **Practical:**

- 1. Cleaning of new and used glasswares for microbiological purposes.
- 2. Students should be familiar to use autoclave, hot air oven, water bath, steamer etc.
- 3. Macroscopic and microscopic examination of stool for adultworms, ova, cysts, larvae.
- 4. Visit to hospital for demonstration of biomedical waste management.
- 5. Demonstration of common serological tests used for the diagnosis of viral and parasitic infection.
- 6. Demonstration of malarial parasites in blood andbone marrow.
- 7. Demonstration of leishmania in blood film.
- 8. Concentration techniques for intestinal parasites in stool.

- SherrisMedical Microbiology: An Introduction to Infectious Diseases. Ryan, K. J., Ray, C. G., 4thed. McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- ClinicalMicrobiology Made Ridiculously Simple.Gladwin,M.,&Trattler,B., 3rd ed. MedMaster,2004.
- MedicalMicrobiology and Infection ata Glance. Gillespie, S.,H., Bamford,K., B., 4th ed. Wiley-Blackwell, 2012.
- Medical Microbiology, Kayser, F., H., & Bienz, K., A., Thieme, 2005.
- Review of Medical Microbiology and Immunology.Levinson,W., 10th ed. McGraw Hill Professional,2008.
- Jawetz, Melnick, &Adelberg'sMedical Microbiology. Brooks, G., Carroll, K., C., Butel, J., & Morse, S., 26thed. McGraw-HillMedical, 2012.

- TodescribethebasicconceptsofEKG
- Torecognize the basic electro-physiology using EKG
- TocomputedifferentbasictechnicalECGabnormalities
- Toinferdifferenttypesofarrhythmias
- ToidentifydifferentheartpathologiesonthebasisofEKG

#### **Course Contents:**

BasicConcepts;Rate,Rhythm,intervals,Cardiacaxis,Wavemorphologies,Step-by-StepMethod forAccurate, ElectrocardiogramInterpretation,PWaveAbnormalities,BundleBranchBlock,ST SegmentAbnormalities,QWaveAbnormalities.

# **Practical:**

- IdentificationofdifferentEKGelectrodes
- PlacementofElectrodesonthebody
- DemonstrationofEKGprocedure
- Findingheartrate, Rhythm, axis and intervals
- DifferenttypesofEKGwavesandcorrelationwithdifferentheartchambers

- EKGbyDaleDubin6<sup>th</sup>edition
- ECGmadeEasybyJhonR6thedition
- RapidECGinterpretationbyMr.M.GabrielKhan3<sup>rd</sup>edition
- AnIntroductiontoECGbyLeoSchamroth6<sup>th</sup>edition
- ECGInterpretationfortheclinicalexercise3<sup>rd</sup>edition
- EKGbookbyMalcolm.S4<sup>th</sup>edition
- ManualOfECG4<sup>th</sup>edition

**CAR-603** 

- To describe the physiology of Cardiovascular and Respiratory system
- To illustrate the normal physiological parameters related to systems
- To compute the effect of certain factors affecting normal physiology
- To explain advance concepts and calculation related to the physiological functions
- To assess the normal physiological functions for the understanding of different pathologies

#### **Course Contents:**

CellularMembranestructure &function,Physiologicanatomyof theHeart, PropagationofcardiacImpulse,Thecardiaccycle,Pressurechangeduring cardiac cycle.ThestrokevolumeandStrokeout-put,Cardiacout-putregulationofcardiac function.Thespecialexcitatoryandconductivesystemoftheheartandtheircontrol Abnormalitiesofthecardiacrhythms,Theheartsounds.Functionalclassificationof bloodvessels,Peripheralcirculation:pressureandresistance,TheArterialBlood Pressure,Hypertension,The ArterialPressurePulse,ThePhysiologyOfTheVeins,The JugularVenousPulse,ThePhysiologyOfTheCapillaries,LymphAndLymphatics,The CutaneousCirculation,CoronaryCirculation,CerebralCirculationAndPulmonary Circulation, Gas Exchange &Diffusion. Perfusion andVentilation/Perfusion.Acid- base imbalances:pathophysiologyofacidosisandalkalosisHeatExchange,Filtersand Reservoirs.

# **Practical:**

- Measurement of Blood Pressure
- Demonstration on ECG
- Heart sounds
- Measurement of JVP
- Cardiac output measurements
- Measurement of pulses from various regions of the body
- Interpretation of Arterial blood gases
- Interpretation of different lung volumes and capacities fromLung function test
- Nebulization procedure

#### **Recommendedbooks:**

• Physiologyby Jypee 5<sup>th</sup>edition

- CardiovascularPhysiology by J.RLevick2<sup>nd</sup>edition
- Human Physiology ByGuyton and Hall 12th edition
  Illustrated Physiology B. R Mackena 5<sup>th</sup> edition

- To introduce the studentsabout the basic concepts in Hematology and acquire skill in practical work to produce a team of Medical Technologists steeped in knowledge of Pathology
- To equip Medical Technologists withlatest advancements in the field of hematology.

#### **Course Contents:**

Iron metabolism, introduction to iron deficiency anemia, different stages anddiagnosis, introduction to thalassemia, classification, pathophysiology andits diagnosis, introduction to Sidroblastic anemia, etiology and diagnosis, folatand vitaminB12 metabolism, introduction to megaloblastic anemia, etiology and diagnosis, introduction to G6PD deficiencyanemia, pathophysiology and diagnosis, introduction to sickle cell anemia, pathophysiologyand diagnosis, introduction to hereditary spherocytosis, pathophysiology and diagnosis, introduction to hemolytic anemia, etiology and diagnosis, and diagnosis, introduction to hemolytic anemia, mune hemolytic anemia, non-immune hemolytic anemia, aplasticanemia, etiology and diagnosis. ABO and RhD group system, kellblood groupsystem, ked blood groupsystem, duffyblood group system, donor selection criteria, phlebotomy of donor, blood products, preparation, storage and its importance, hem vigilance in blood bank, cross match, types of cross match, procedure andits importance, blood grouping and its importance, coomb's test, types and importance, introduction to hemolytic transfusionreactions and management.

#### **Practicals:**

- 1. ABO blood grouping (Forward andReverse grouping)
- 2. Rh Bloodgrouping
- 3. Antibodies screening
- 4. Cross matching (Major and Minor)
- 5. Coombs tests (Direct and Indirect)
- 6. Separation of different blood components
- 7. Du Test

- EssentialofHematology, A.VHoff Brand, 6thedition 2006
- ClinicalHematology, G.CDegrunchi, 5thedition 2002
- PracticalHematology,Dacie J.V. 10thedition 2012

- To provide quality patient care in routine as well as advancedprocedures.
- To understand the mechanism of drugaction at molecular as wellas cellular level, both desirable and adverse.
- To understand the principles of pharmacokinetics i.e. drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion and be ableto apply these principles in the rapeutic practice.

#### **Course Contents:**

Drugs acting on cardiovascular system; Drugs for heart failure, anti-hypertensive drugs, anti arrhythemic drugs, antianginal drugs, Anti Hyperlipidemic drugs, Blood drugs, Diuretics, Insulin and glucoselowering drugs, Chemotheraputic drugs, Antibiotics, Drugs acting on Respiratory system, Anesthetics.

#### **Practical:**

- 1. Routes ofdrug administration
- 2. Dose-Response Curves
- 3. Effect of adrenaline on pulse rate
- 4. Effect ofbeta blockerson heart rate after exercise
- 5. Sourceofdrug and identification of some rawmaterials that are source of drug
- 6. Weight conversions and measurements
- 7. Preparation Sulfur ointment
- 8. Preparation of pilocarpine drops
- 9. Prescription writing

- Lippincott"s pharmacology (text book) byMycek 2ndEdition published by Lippincott Raven 2000.
- Katzungtextbook ofpharmacology (Reference Book) by BertramKatzung8thEdition, Published byAppleton.dec 2007.

- To introduce about various diagnostic interviews
- Formulating and clarifying diagnostic findings and treatment recommendations
- Documentingevaluationandtreatmentprocedures,involvingdutiessuchasrecordingresultsof diagnosticinterviews,labstudies,and/ortreatmentplansinatimelywayaccordingtothe medical records protocols of the rotation site

# **Course Contents:**

IntroductiontoBehavioralSciencesanditsimportanceinhealth:Bio-Psycho-SocialModelof HealthCareandtheSystemsApproach,NormalityvsAbnormality,ImportanceofBehavioral sciencesinhealth,DesirableAttitudesinHealthProfessionalsUnderstandingBehavior: Sensationandsenseorgans,Perception,Attentionandconcentration,Memory,Thinking, Communication,IndividualDifferences:Personality,Intelligence,Emotions,Motivation, Learning,StressandStressors,LifeEvents,Stress,Management,Interviewing/Psychosocial HistoryTaking,AlliedHealthEthics-Hippocraticoath,CultureandAlliedHealthpractice, Psychological reactions, Breaking Bad News, Pain, Sleep, Consciousness.

- Behavioral Sciences by M.H Rana 2007
- SociologyinaChangingWorldbyWill<u>iamKornblum8<sup>th</sup>edition2007</u>
- Changing Behavior: Immediately TransformYour Relationships with Easy-to-Learn, ProvenCommunicationSkillsby<u>GeorgianaDonadio2011</u>

# 5<sup>th</sup>Semester

- 1. Clinicalmedicine
- 2. PerfusionTechnology-I
- 3. Echocardiography
- 4. Electrocardiography–II
- 5. Ventricularassistantdevices
- 6. Medicalphysics

- Studentswillbeabletorecordclinicalhistory,Physicalexaminationandcorrelatetheknowledgetomakedif ferentialdiagnosisofvariousdiseases
- Tojustifypatients,familiesandcaregiversthediagnosis,prognosisandtreatmentplanfortheircondition ,andeducatethemaboutbeneficiallifestylebehaviorsandpreventivehealthmeasures.
- Tojudgeroutineprocedurescommonlyrequiredfortheevaluationandcareofpatients

# **Course Contents:**

Introduction of diseases; their clinical features, signs, symptoms and management of diseases. Investigations and their interpretation for various diseases of the following systems:DiseasesofCardiovascularSystem,DiseasesofRespiratorySystem,Diseasesofthe Kidney&UrinarySystem,DiseasesofEndocrinesystem

# **Practical:**

- Patient History and clinical Examination (General)
- Systematic Examination
- Radiological and Physical Investigations
- FirstAid
- Concept of Holistic Health
- Interpretation of investigation
- Diagnosing clinical problems

- Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine, 21st edition
- Kumar and Clark's Clinical Medicine (Kumar, Kumar and Clark's Clinical Medicine), **8th edition**
- Clinical Medicine by Parveen Kumar, Michalclark in by ELBS

- To Introduce Perfusion of the heart
- To list the various Perfusion techniques
- To illustratevarious protocols for various procedures
- To select an appropriate procedure for various pathologies
- To plan and prepare for Complications during Cardiac surgery
- To design set up for Cardiac Surgery
- To set up Circuit designs for perfusion

#### **Course Content:**

Introductiontoheartperfusion, Equipmentandmonitoring, Primingsolutionsfor cardiopulmonarybypasscircuits, Anticoagulation, coagulopathies, Metabolicmanagement duringcardiopulmonarybypass, Myocardialprotectionandcardioplegia, Mechanical circulatorysupport, Organdamageduringcardiopulmonarybypass, Acutekidneyinjury, Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation, Intra-aortic balloon.

#### **Practical:**

- Identification of various parts of oxygenator
- Designing Circuit for various perfusions
- Steps and protocol of perfusion
- Application of various devices used in perfusion
- Identification of various cannulas

- Manual of Perfusion 1<sup>st</sup>edotion
- Cardiovascularperfusion by Cambridge 4<sup>th</sup>edition
- OnBypass2<sup>nd</sup>edition

- To explain basic physical principles of ultrasound and instrumentation.
- To Correlate cardiac gross pathology with echocardiography images.
- Toevaluatecardiacchambersize, leftventricular systolic and diastolic function and right ventricular systolic function.
- ToAnalyze and interpret echocardiographic derived hemodynamic data.
- To interpret trans esophageal images and distinguish attributes and limitations versus transthoracic echocardiography

### **Course Contents:**

History of echocardiography, Development of various echocardiographic Technologies, Recording Echocardiograms, Cardiac Sonographers, Physics and Instrumentation, Physical Principles, Definition of BasicTerms, Principles ofcardiac ultrasonography, Principles of ultrasound physics and instrumentation, The Doppler principles, The anatomical echocardiographicexaminations (BasicViews),Examination andappearanceofthenormal heart,Quantificationoftheventricularperformance,Principlesof theDopplerexamination, Additional imaging formats and techniques, Contrast echocardiography,Artifacts

## **Practical:**

Clinical application of echocardiography in:

- Acquired valvular heart disease
- Evaluation of prosthetic heart valves
- Congenital heart disease of the pericardium
- Cardiomyopathies
- Ischemic heart disease
- Diseases of the aorta
- Cardiac masses and tumors
- Pericarditis

- Feigunbaum'sEchocardiography,6<sup>th</sup>Edition
- EchoMade Easy, by SamKaddoura, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition

### ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY-II

#### **Course objectives:**

- TodescribethebasicconceptsofEKG
- Torecognizethebasicelectro-physiologyusingEKG
- TocomputedifferentbasictechnicalECGabnormalities
- Toinferdifferenttypesofarrhythmias
- ToidentifydifferentheartpathologiesonthebasisofEKG
- TorelatetheEKGabnormalitieswiththeheartandlungpathologies

#### **Course Contents:**

Reviewofelectrocardiography-

I.QWaveAbnormalities,AtrialandVentricularHypertrophy,TWaveAbnormalities,ElectricalAxisandFascicularBlock,MiscellaneousConditions,Arrhythmias,EKGofdifferentMyocardialinfarctions,EKGofDifferentcongenitalaswellasacquiredHeartpathologies;Aorticdisease,valvulardiseases,Pericardialdisease,dextrocardiaandEKGofdifferentsyndromescausingheartdisease

### **Practical:**

- IdentificationofdifferentEKGelectrodes
- PlacementofElectrodesonthebody
- DemonstrationofEKGprocedure
- Findingheartrate, Rhythm, axis and intervals
- DifferenttypesofEKGwavesandcorrelationwithdifferentheartchambers
- Interpretationofdifferenttypeofarrhythmias
- InterpretationofMyocardialinfarction
- Interpretationofcardiacchamberhypertrophyandenlargements
- InterpretationofCardiacmyopathies
- Interpretationofvalvularpathologies
- Interpretationofdifferentaorticpathologies

#### **Recommended Books:**

- EKGbyDaleDubin6<sup>th</sup>edition
- ECGmadeEasybyJhonR6thedition
- RapidECGinterpretationbyMr.M.GabrielKhan3<sup>rd</sup>edition

#### CAR-607

- $\bullet \quad An Introduction to ECG by LeoSchamroth 6^{th} edition$
- ECGInterpretationfortheclinicalexercise3<sup>rd</sup>edition
- EKGbookbyMalcolm.S4<sup>th</sup>edition
- ManualOfECG4<sup>th</sup>edition

- To outline various Cardiac assistant devices
- To identify various Cardiac assistant devices
- To select various devices ina particular procedure
- To recognize various cardiac procedures
- To predict possible complications of various procedures
- To set up the machine and other necessary equipment needed
- To judge the procedure and finding out any problem
- To prepare the things for the smooth running of the procedure
- To plan a particular procedure with a Surgeon

#### **Course Contents:**

Indications for VentricleAssist Devices, Echocardiographic Evaluation of VentricularAssist Devices Altered Expression of mRNAand miRNAduring Mechanical Support of the Failing Human Heart, VentricularAssist Device– How to Obtain Optimal Benefits?, Cardiac Support and Multi-organ Dysfunction Syndrome, FutureTreatment of Acute Cardiac Collapse -ARole for Percutaneous CirculatoryAssist Devices, FutureTreatment of Acute Cardiac Collapse -ARole for Percutaneous CirculatoryAssist Devices, Initial Experience of Lower LimbThermalTherapy for Patients with an, Extracorporeal LeftVentricularAssist DeviceAwaiting HeartTransplantation,Treatment of Ventricular,Arrhythmias in Patients Undergoing LVADTherapy, Community BasedManagement of VentricularAssist Devices, Long-Term Management of Pulsatile Extracorporeal LeftVentricularAssist Device, Outcomes Following HeartTransplantation amongThose Bridged withVAD

### **Practical:**

- Identification of various Cardiac assistant devices
- Identification of procedures and devices and planning for theprocedure
- Analyzing the procedure by knowing the disease
- Steps of various procedures
- Identification of various lesions
- Handling the complications

### **Recommended Books:**

• VentricularAssist Devices By: Dr.jeffreyShuhaiber

- To list S.I units of physical quantities
- To describe the various conversions of S.I units into other units
- To interpret various equations used in medical physics
- To recognize various principles of fluid dynamics
- To sketch different graphs and their interpretation
- To relate various relations using equations

#### **Course Contents:**

Introductiontomedicalphysics,Physicalmeasurementandcalibration,TheSIunits,Thegas laws,Laminarflow,Turbulentflow,Bernoulli,VenturiandCoanda,Heatandtemperature, Latentheat,Isotherms,Solubilityanddiffusion,Osmosisandcolligativeproperties,Thevalves andtheirtypeswiththeirprinciple,Resistorsandresistance,Defibrillators,Resonanceand damping,Pulseoximetry,Capnography,Absorptionofcarbondioxide,Cardiacoutput measurement,Theechoprinciple,TheDopplereffect,Neuromuscularblockademonitoring, Lungvolumes,Spirometry,Flow–volumeloops, Thealveolargasequation, Theshuntequation, Pulmonaryvascularresistance,Ventilation/perfusionmismatch,Deadspace,Fowler'smethod, TheBohrequation,Oxygendeliveryandtransport,Theoxyhaemoglobindissociationcurve, Carriageofcarbondioxide,Cardiacactionpotentials,Thecardiaccycle,Pressureandflow calculations,Centralvenouspressure,Pulmonaryarterialwedgepressure,TheFrank–Starling relationship,Venousreturnandcapillarydynamics,Ventricularpressure–volumerelationship, Systemic and pulmonary vascular resistance,TheValsalva manoeuvre.

#### **Practical:**

- Measurements of length and volume
- Measurement of temperature using various thermometer
- Calculations to find out various parameters like cardiac out put, dead space, Pulmonary artery wedge pressure,
- Principle of Sphygmomanometer and measurement of blood pressure
- Identification of spirometer, its various parts and analysis of lung function test
- Analyzing the resistance of body usingPsulli,s equation
- To find the gradient across the valves using various equations

- Physics, Pharmacology and Physiology forAnaesthetists by Matthew E. Cross . Cambridge latest edition
- Medical Physics
- Physicsand body by JohnR 2<sup>nd</sup>edition

# **6<sup>TH</sup>SEMESTER**

1. CriticalCare

2. PharmacologyrelatedtoPerfusion

3. Cardiacsurgery

4. DiagnosticEquipmentsinCardiology

**5. ECMO** 

6. PulmonaryDisease

- To outlinecritical cardiovascular situations
- To recognize critical cardiovascular care in various situations
- To categorize the patientsituation
- To plan the right procedure in cardiovascular critical situations
- To access the critically ill patients
- To select various pharmacological and mechanical procedures

### **Course Contents:**

An introduction to critical care, Shock, Resuscitation in intensive care, Cardiovascular monitoring in critical care, Cardiovascular investigation of thecriticallyIII, Hematological Aspects of cardiovascular critical care, Cardiovascular support: Pharmacological ,Arrhythmias , Mechanical heart failure therapy, Care of the high risk patient undergoing surgery , Common complications of cardiovascular criticalillness ,Acute coronary syndromes and myocardial infarction, Cardiogenic shock,Aortic dissection, Emergencymanagement of cardiac trauma , Hypertensive crises , Endocrine problems and cardiovascular critical care.

## **Practical:**

- Assessment of shock and its types
- Assessment f arrhythmias
- Management of shock
- Management of arrhythmias
- Management of Cardiac arrest
- Management of acute Myocardial infarction
- Management of Hypertensive crisis
- Analysis of arterial blood gases
- Management of Cardiac trauma and aortic dissection

- Cardiovascular Critical Care by Mark J.D. Griffiths, Jeremy J.Cordingley and Susanna. 010 Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
- Criticalcare byAndrea G 4<sup>th</sup>edition
- Criticalcare Current diagnosis and treatmentby FredericS 3<sup>rd</sup>edition

#### <u>CP-606</u>

## <u>Hours:3(2+1)</u>Course objectives:

- To list the drugs used in perfusion
- To explain the pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics of drugs
- To tell the dosage of various drugs
- To plan the usage of drugs in various procedures
- To handle the complications using drugs during cardiac procedures

#### **Course Contents:**

#### Pharmacokinetics and pharmacokinetics, Indications, side effects and dosage of:

Cholinergic agonists and antagonists, Anesthetics, Blood actingdrugs, immunosuppressant, Sympathomimetic agonist and antagonists, Analgesics, Blood substitutes, Cryoprecipitate, Antihypertensive, IVSolutions, Antiarrhythmic.

#### **Practicals:**

- 1. Planning specific drugs related to procedure
- 2. Drug dosage
- 3. Specific effects related to drugs
- 4. Management of various conditions using drugs

- LippincottPharmacology 6<sup>th</sup>edition
- CatzungPharmacology 10<sup>th</sup>edition

- To describe various cardiac surgical procedures
- To identify the pathologies
- To prepare the required investigation for a specific surgery
- To prepare the patient for surgery
- To evaluate the condition of the patient
- To predict an appropriate procedure in case of an emergency

#### **Course Contents:**

Surgical approachesto the heartand great vessels(An introduction), Preparation for cardiopulmonary bypass, Surgery ofvarious heart valves; valverepair and replacement, Surgery for coronary disease, Surgery of cardiac tumors, Coarctation of the aorta, Atrial septal defect, Patent ductus arteriosus, Transposition of the great vessels, Coronary artery anomalies surgery.

#### **Practicals:**

- Clinical examination
- History taking
- Pre-Oprequirements of a particular procedure
- Patient assessment
- Investigation required and their interpretation with their importance
- Post-Op care of the patients

- Cardiac Surgery by SiavoshKhonsari . Lippincott 4th edition
- CardiacSurgery by Kerklin4<sup>th</sup>edition
- CardiacSurgery by CNarian2<sup>nd</sup>edition
- CardiothoracicSurgery byMichealS 2<sup>nd</sup>edition

### CAR-611 DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENTS IN CARDIOLOGY

#### **Course objectives:**

- To name the various equipments used in cardiology
- To describe the indications of the tests
- To prepare the patient for specific test
- To explain the test procedure and protocol
- To design an appropriatetest relating disease
- To predict the possible complications
- To interpret the results of a test

#### **Course Contents:**

Introduction, Principle, Indications, Contraindications, Complications and uses of diagnostic equipments incardiology. Following devices will be included: ECG machine, ETT machine, Pulse oximetry, Cardiac monitors, Defibrillator, Echocardiographymachine, Ultrasound machine, Cardiac CT, Cardiac MRI, Cardiac X-Ray, Angiographymachine, Holtermonitors, Equipments used in Electrophysiology Laboratory, Swan Ganscathter, Temporary pacemaker.

## **Practical:**

- To identify the shown equipments
- To labeltheparts of given equipment
- Basic knowledge of operation of an equipment
- To eradicate the basic technical fault in the equipment
- To interpret the report of the equipments
- To calibrate the equipments

- To recognize the basic concept and principal of ECMO
- To ManageECMO machine
- To identify various parts of ECMO
- To Plan ECMO for various conditions
- To explain the use of ECMO
- To interpret variousABG's values during ECMO

### **Course Contents:**

The History and Development of Extracorporeal Support, Physiology of Extracorporeal Life Support Cardiac Failure: Principles and Physiology, Acute Hypoxic Respiratory Failure in Children, Blood BiomaterialSurfaceInteraction During ECLS, The Registryof the Extracorporeal Life Support Organization, The Circuit, Vascular Access for Extracorporeal Support, Management of Blood Flow and Gas Exchange during ECLS, Anticoagulation and Bleeding During ECLS, Anticoagulation and Bleeding During ECLS, Renal Function and Renal SupportiveTherapy during ECMO Infections and ECMO, Infections and ECMO, Neonatal RespiratoryECLS, Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia and ECMO, ECMO for Pediatric Respiratory Failure, Pediatric Cardiac Extracorporeal Life Support, ECMO in PatientsWithFunctionally Univentricular Circulation Adult Respiratory ECMO, Adult Cardiac Support, Extracorporeal Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation: ECPR, Other Uses for ECLS, VentricularAssistDevices inChildren, Extracorporeal SupportAssisted Organ Donation, Sepsis and ECMO, Extracorporeal Life Support Pre and Post LungTransplantation Cardiac CatheterizationProcedures for ECMO Patients, The Future of Extracorporeal Life Support, Regionalization and Triage, Which centers should provide ECMO?, The benefits of regionalization Volume-outcome benefits, Regionalized systems of care, Triage of patients for ECMO, ECMO Administrative and Training Issues, and Sustaining Quality, Economics of ECLS, Regulatory and Legal Aspects of ECLS, ECMO Ethics in the Twenty-first Century **Practicals:** 

- Basic demonstration of ECMO
- Identification of various parts of machine and their functions
- Normal parameters interpretation
- Basic technique to perform the ECMO
- Demonstration of different ECMO procedures
- Interpretation of ECMO performance

- ECMOExtracorporeal Cardiopulmonary Support in Critical Care 4<sup>th</sup>edition By:Gail M. Annich, MD
- Manual of Perfusion 1<sup>st</sup>edition
- Cardiovascularperfusion by Cambridge 4<sup>th</sup>edition

- To write the investigations used in respiratory medicine
- To describe various diseases of respiratory tract
- To diagnose various respiratory tract diseases
- To plan treatment for various respiratory diseases

#### **Course Contents:**

Examinationoftherespiratorysystem,Investigationusedtoinvestigaterespiratorydiseases, Diseasesoftheupperrespiratorytract,Diseasesofthelowerrespiratorytract,Asthma, Pneumonia,Tuberculosis,DiseasesoftheRespiratorysystem,Congenitalanomalies, Carcinoma,Infections,Adultrespiratorydistresssyndrome,Chronicobstructivepulmonary disease, Pulmonary hypertension, LungTransplantation, Lung reduction surgery

#### **Practicals:**

- History taking in pulmonary diseases
- Clinical Examination in pulmonary diseases
- Interpretation of investigations
- Diagnose of variousrespiratory diseases
- Management plan for various respiratory diseases

- Kumar and Clark's Clinical Medicine (Kumar, Kumar and Clark's Clinical Medicine),8th edition
- Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine, 21st edition

# 7<sup>th</sup>Semester

- 1. Perfusiontechnology-II
  - 2. HeartDisease
- 3. Researchmethodology
- 4. FundamentalofInfectionControl
  - 5. **Biostatistics**
  - 6. Epidemiology

PERFUSIONTECHNOLOGY-II

#### **Course objectives:**

- To name the components of cardiopulmonary bypass circuit
- To describe various protocols for cardiac procedures
- To demonstrate the conduct of bypass
- To operate CPB machine and Intra-aortic balloon pump
- To assess the complications during CPB
- To analyze the injuries caused by CPB

### **Course Contents:**

ReviewofPerfusionTechnology-I.Limbsperfusion,Livertransplantperfusion,Perfusionin specialcaseslikeperfusioninpregnantwomen,sicklecelldisease,intumors,blooddiseases, perfusion in severe respiratoryproblems,perfusion inpatientsallergictodrugs,perfusion duringCNSprocedures,Perfusionduringhearttransplant,Hypothermicprocedures, Ventricular assistantdevicesandperfusion,Cardioplagiacompositionanddeliverytechniques,effectof variousdrugsonmyocardiumduringcardiacsurgery,effectofvariousionsonthemyocardium presentincardioplegia,advancesinperfusion,variouscircuitdesigns,ACTanditscontrol, Priming, conduct of cardiopulmonary bypass, Ethics in perfusion

### **Practicals:**

- Identification of various parts of Oxygenator
- Identification of various arterialand venous cannula
- Setup of cardiopulmonary bypass circuit
- Setup of intra-aortic balloon pump
- calculation for Body surface area, prime volumeand blood volume
- Monitoring various parameters during cardiopulmonary bypass

### **Recommended Books:**

- Cardiopulmonary Bypass bySunitGhosh, Florian Falter and DavidJ. Cook . 1st edition University Press, Cambridge 2009
- Manualof cardiac perfusion 1<sup>st</sup>edition
- Cardiovascularperfusion by Cambridge 4<sup>th</sup>edition

**CP-607** 

- To describe variousrisk factors in CVD
- To recognize various cardiovascular risk factors
- To estimate the progression of the disease
- To modify life style in the prevention of the disease progression
- To select an appropriate interventionto minimize risk factors
- To design a set of care

### **Course Contents:**

Atrial septal defects, Ventricular septal defects, Persistent atrioventricular canal defects d. Patent ductus arteriosus, Coarctation of the aorta, Aortic stenosis, Hypoplastic left heart syndrome, Right ventricular outflow obstructions, Tetralogy ofFallot, Tricuspid atresia, Ebstein anomaly of the tricuspid valve, Transposition of the great arteries, Total and partial anomalous pulmonary venous return, Univentricular heart, Malposition of the heart, Anomalous left coronary artery arising from thepulmonary artery, CardiacTransplantation Atherosclerosis, Ischemic heartdisease, Valvular heart disease, Cardiac hypertrophy, Hypertensive heart disease, Cor pulmonale and pulmonary hypertension, Myocarditis, Cardiomyopathies, Pericardial disease, Endocrines and the heart, HeartTumors, Arrhythmias and conduction disorders, Diseasesof the aorta: aneurysms anddissections, Cardiac Transplantation, Diseases of the Respiratory system

Congenitalanomalies, Carcinoma, Infections, Adultrespiratory distress syndrome, Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, Pulmonary hypertension, Lung Transplantation, Lung reduction surgery

#### **Practical:**

- Assessment of the patient's risk factors
- Physical Examination
- Heart sounds and their interpretation
- Analysis of investigations used
- Interventions to reduce CVD
- Management of the patient's atrisk
- Exercise treadmill stresstesting

- Preventive Cardiology: Companionto Braunwald's Heart Disease by Roger Blumenthal and JoAnne Foody
- Braunwalds Heart Disease, 9th Edition
- Harrisons Cardiovascular Medicine2nd Edition\_2

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

- Recognize the basic concepts of research and the research process.
- Develop understanding on various kinds of research, objectives of doing research, research designs and sampling.
- Conduct research work and formulating research synopsis and report.

#### **Course contents**

Introduction to research (in simple term and a scientific term), concept of research, why do need research, advantage and scope of research, identification of research needs and its qualities, Types of research; Qualitative, Quantitative and their sub types, Research process Introduction (Deciding, formulating research questions, planning, conduct of study, data collection, processing and analysis, Research writing and reporting), Literature review (What, why, where from, how and qualities of good literature and its use), Writing a research problem/question and selection of the title of study, Identification of various research variables, Hypothesis its types, formulation and testing of hypothesis, Research study designs used in qualitative and quantitative studies, Designing of data collection tools/questionnaires, Selection of appropriate sampling technique in various study designs, Concept of validity and reliability, Research proposal writing, Ethical principles of Research and their examples to apply those principles, Data collection and processing/displaying techniques, Writing of research report (Chapters in research report/thesis, Outline/Abstract of research, Referencing and Bibliography

#### Practicals

- Literature Search
- Survey conduct
- Citation and Referencing
- Proposal writing
- Data collection and displaying

- Foundation of Clinical Research by Portney LG Walkais MP in 1993, Publisher by Appleton and lauge USA
- A guide to Research Methodology, Biostatistics and Medical writing by college of physicians and surgeons Pakistan by WHO collaboration center
- Health system research project by Corlien M Varkerisser, Indra Pathmanathan, Ann Brownlee in 1993 by International Development Research Center in New Dehli, Singapore

## <u>PMS-624</u> <u>FundamentalsofInfectioncontrol</u> <u>CreditHours3(2+1)</u>

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1 To introduce the students with basic concepts in infection control.
- 1 To introduce the students with infection control principles and practices.
- To introduce the students with importance of immunization and hand hygiene in infection control.
- To introduce the students with the role of clinical laboratoryin infection control.

## **Course contents:**

Introduction to infection control, principle of infection control, source and transmission of infection, infection in the hospitalenvironment, immunization prophylaxes, exposure prophylaxes, sterilization, disinfection and antisepsis, practical disinfection, epidemiology of infectious disease, antimicrobial agents, antibiotic and their uses (prophylactic, empirical, and therapeutic), antibiotic resistance and policy, principles of laboratory diagnosis of infectious diseases, biomedical waste management, biosafety levels, hand hygiene, standard precautions PPE.

## **Practical:**

- Hand washing and hand rubbing technique.
- Preparation of different disinfection and antiseptic solutions.
- Biomedicalwaste managements in hospitals.
- Cleaning and disinfection of working premises.
- How to handle spills and aseptic handling.
- Standard precautions and PPE.

- Fundamentals of Infection Prevention and Control: Theory and Practice. Weston, D., Wiley-Blackwell, 2013.
- Sherris Medical Microbiology: An Introduction to Infectious Diseases. Ryan, K. J., Ray, C. G., 4th ed.
   McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- District Laboratory Practice in Tropical Countries, Part1 &Part 2. Cheesbrough, M., 2nd ed. Cambridge University Press, 2006.
- Medical Microbiology and Infectionat a Glance.Gillespie, S.,H., Bamford, K., B., 4th ed. Wiley- Blackwell, 2012.

To introduce the student with the significance of bio-statistics, statistics means basic concept, describing and exploring data, normal distribution, sapling distribution and hypothesis testing, basic concept of probability and application of statistics and social research.

#### **Course Contents:**

Statistical data, condensation of Data, Presentation of Data by Graphs, Health Related Data, Presentation of quantitative data, The concept of sampling, types and methods of sample, sample distribution, error of sampling, standard error, Chi square, T-Test, Z-Test, Sample and population, Basic considerations in sampling, random sampling, stratified random sampling, cluster sampling, systematic sampling, determination of samplesize, elimination of sampling bias, Concept, Mean, Median, Mode and their value in health, Percentiles, measure of dispersion, Coefficient of variation and skewness, normal distribution, range, standard deviation and relative deviation, Concepts of hypothesis testing, null and alternative hypothesis, two types of errors, acceptance and rejection Regions, Tow sided and onesided tests, general steps in hypothesis testing, test about means, confidence interval formean, Types of tests and scales, validity and reliability of an instrument scales, assessment, development of tests/scales, Preparing data analysis, types of measurement scales, descriptive statistics, inferential statistics, using computer for data analysis, Quantitative vs. qualitative research, application of scientific method, positivistic vs.naturalisticparadigm, Basic vs. applied research, evaluation research, research & development(R&D), action research, Steps/sequence, methods involved while preparing a research report

- Aquide to research methodology, biostatistics and medical writing by college of physicians and surgeons Pakistan byWHO collaboration center
- Reading understandingmultivanant statisticsgiimm LGYardAD PR, publisherAmerican Psychological association
- IlyasAnsari's community medicine (Text Book) by Ilyas andAnsari 2003 published by Medical division Urdu Bazzar Karachi

- To introduce basic concept of Epidemiology
- To introduce basic definitions usedinEpidemiology
- To introduce various study designs

#### **Course Contents:**

IntroductiontoEpidemiology,MeasuresofDiseaseOccurrence;IncidenceandPrevalence, Incidence,RatesandDynamicPopulations,CalculatingObservationTime,Prevalence, Incidence,Duration,MortalityandLifeExpectancy,LifeExpectancy,Estimatesof Associations,AgeStandardization,CausesofDiseases,StudyDesignOptions,Common Designs Used to EstimateAssociations, Case–Control Study, Cohort Study, Experimental Study,The Cross-Sectional Study, Case-Reports, Sources of Error; Confounding and Biases

#### **Recommended Books:**

1.An\_Introduction\_to\_Epidemiology\_for\_Health\_Professionals

# 8<sup>th</sup>Semester

## Research Project Seminar Subject of own interest

- ECMO
- PerfusionTechnology
- Extra Cardiac perfusion
- CardiacAssist devices
- Medical Physics

# **Bioethics**

#### PMS-626

#### **CourseObjectives:**

- Students willlearn somebasic research methodology and gainknowledge about research.
- It will hopefully result in some of presentation or publication for the students and will providea research oriented environment

#### **CourseContents:**

During last year each student should select a topic of research report with consultation of his/hersupervisor and shall prepare and submit research report to Khyber Medical University by the end of last year.

#### **Practicals:**

:

Students will prepare a comprehensive report on their selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following the selected research topic and will submit hard copy to following to following

- One Copy to Examination Department
- OneCopytotheLibraryKMU
- One Copy to the Supervisor

## **Objective of the seminar:**

Duringlastyeareachstudentshouldselectatopicofresearchworkwithconsultationofhis/hersupervisor and shall present his/her research workthrough a seminar.

#### <u>CP-609</u>

Student will have to select one optional subject from the following subjects.

- ECMO
- PerfusionTechnology
- Extra Cardiac perfusion
- CardiacAssist devices
- Medical Physics
- Pediatric Perfusion

- Use the approach of ethical principle the safety and benefits of the patients.
- Analyze bioethical issues in practices.

### **Course Contents:**

Introductiontobioethics, ethical principles, autonomy, informed consent, intentional non-disclosure, patients elf-determinationact, the health insurance portability and account ability act of 1996 (HIPAA) privacy and security rules, non-male ficence, slipper yslope arguments, beneficence, paternalism, justice, social justice, the patient protection and affordable careact, professional patient relationship, unavoidable trust, human dignity, patient advocacy, moral suffering, ethical dilemmas.

## **Recommended Books:**

IIntroduction to bioethics and ethical decision making by Karen L. Rich (chapter 2) 2015 the state of the s